AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 20, 2001

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 17, 2001

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 29, 2001

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 24, 2001

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 30, 2001

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2001-02 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 359

Introduced by Assembly Member Cardoza

February 16, 2001

An act to add Section 115928 to, and to add and repeal Section 115928.1 of, the Health and Safety Code, relating to water safety, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 359, as amended, Cardoza. Pool and spa safety: suction devices.

Existing law establishes the Swimming Pool Safety Act, which makes provision for various safety requirements for swimming pools and spas.

This bill would provide that, commencing July 1, 2002, whenever a construction permit is issued for construction of a new swimming pool or spa, the suction outlet of the pool or spa for which the permit is issued shall be equipped with certain safety features. The bill would make these provisions operative only if the State Department of Health Services, on or before July 1, 2002, fails to adopt, *or the California*

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Building Standards Commission fails to approve, emergency regulations required to be adopted pursuant to the bill that provide standards for protection against entrapment in swimming pools and spas.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: $^{2}/_{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 115928 is added to the Health and 2 Safety Code, to read:
 - 115928. (a) Commencing July 1, 2002, whenever a construction permit is issued for construction of a new swimming pool or spa, the suction outlet of the pool or spa for which the permit is issued shall be equipped to provide circulation throughout the pool or spa as prescribed by this section.
 - (b) Any single outlet system, such as an automatic vacuum cleaner system, or any multiple suction outlets, whether isolated by valves or otherwise, shall be equipped to protect against user entrapment, as follows:
 - (1) With the exception of surface skimmers, any pool or spa suction outlet shall be equipped with a drain grate that meets specifications of the American and National Standards Institute and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ANSI/ASME A1 12.19.8M), a drain grate that is at least 12 inches by 12 inches in diameter, or a channel drain system approved by the county.
 - (2) Any pool single or multiple outlet circulation system shall be equipped with a safety vacuum release system that includes at least one of the following engineered methods that comply with standards as recognized by the professional entities specified in subdivision (g):
 - (A) An automatic safety vacuum release system certified by a testing agency recognized by the professional entities specified in subdivision (g).
 - (B) Vent piping. For purposes of this subparagraph, vent piping means a nonmechanical device having no moving parts that is a premanufactured assembly incorporating internal geometrics to limit the applied suction at the related suction outlet to five feet of

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hydrostatic head regardless of system operating parameters, such as pump horsepower, pipe size, or pump elevation. The vent piping systems shall be certified by a testing agency recognized by the professional entities specified in subdivision (g).

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- (C) A piping arrangement where the suction outlet piping is allowed to flow into a receiver vessel by gravity where the draindown depth of the receiving vessel is limited to not greater than five feet of head measured from the pool's water surface. The gravity drainage system shall be certified by a testing agency recognized by the professional entities specified in subdivision (g).
- (c) Any single or multiple pump circulation system shall be provided with a minimum of two suction outlets that meet the specifications of the American and National Standards Institute and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ANSI/ASME A1 12.19.8M).
- (d) Each suction outlet shall be separated from any other suction outlet by a minimum vertical or horizontal distance of three feet.
- (e) Each suction outlet shall be piped so that water is drawn through it and through the pump or pumps simultaneously through a vacuum relief protected line.
- (f) Any vacuum or pressure cleaner fitting shall be located in an accessible position at least six inches, and not more than 12 inches, below the minimum operational water level, or as an attachment to any skimmer.
- (g) For purposes of this section, professional entities shall include, but shall not be limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) The American Society for Testing and Materials.
- (2) The International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials.
 - (3) The National Sanitation Foundation.
 - (4) The American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
- (5) The American National Standards Institute.
- (h) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2002.
- 36 SEC. 2. Section 115928.1 is added to the Health and Safety 37 Code, to read:
- 38 115928.1. (a) On or before July 1, 2002, the State
- 39 Department of Health Services shall adopt emergency regulations,
- 40 in accordance with Section 11346.1 of the Government Code, that

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provide standards for protection against entrapment in swimming pools and spas regulations that provide standards for protection against entrapment in swimming pools and spas. These regulations shall be consistent with the standards contained in 5 "Guidelines for Addressing Potential Entrapment Hazards Associated with Swimming Pools and Spas," a publication of the United States Consumer Products Safety Commission. These regulations shall be subject to the review and approval of the 9 California Building Standards Commission, and shall be initially adopted as emergency regulations in accordance with Section 10 11 11346.1 of the Government Code. The adoption of emergency regulations shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary for 12 13 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, 14 or general welfare.

- (b) This section shall become inoperative and is repealed on July 1, 2002, if the State Department of Health Services does not comply with has not adopted, or the California Building Standards Commission has not approved, emergency regulations pursuant to subdivision (a).
- SEC. 3. Section 115928 of the Health and Safety Code shall become operative only if the State Department of Health Services fails to adopt, *or the California Building Standards Commission fails to approve*, emergency regulations in accordance with Section 115928.1 of the Health and Safety Code.
- SEC. 4. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to protect the health and safety of Californians utilizing swimming pools and spas and prevent serious injury or death, as soon as possible, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.